



CD-Series



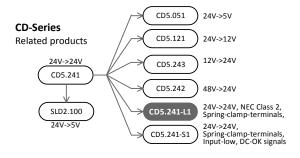


DC/DC CONVERTER

- 24V DC-Input
- Isolated 24Vdc Output
- **NEC Class 2 Output**
- **Quick-connect Spring-clamp Connection Terminals**
- Efficiency up to 90.5%
- Width only 32mm
- Full Power Between -25°C and +60°C
- Soft-start Function Included
- Minimal Inrush Current Surge
- **Reverse Input Polarity Protection**
- 3 Year Warranty

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Dimension CD-Series offer DIN-rail DC/DC converters in the 92-120W output power range in a very compact housing. These DC/DC converters are allowed to run with a battery or similar sources or can also be used to refresh and stabilize the 24Vdc on the end of long cable runs. The basic units include all the essential basic functions while the -S1 version is equipped with quickconnect spring clamp terminals, a DC-OK-contact which monitors the output and an input-low-relay-contact. The -L1 version additionally fulfills the NEC Class 2 requirements. All devices except the CD5.241-L1 have a PowerBoost of 20% incorporated. This extra power can even be used continuously up to +45°C.



SHORT-FORM DATA

Output voltage	DC 24V	
Adjustment range	not adjustable	
Output current	3.8A	NEC Class 2
Output power	92W	
Output ripple	< 50mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz
Input voltage	DC 24V	
Input voltage range	14.4 to 32.4Vdc	full specified
Input current	typ. 4.25A	at 24Vdc input
Input inrush current	typ. 1.2A peak	
Efficiency	90.5%	at 24Vdc input
Losses	9.7W	at 24Vdc input
Temperature range	-25°C to +70°C	operational
Derating	0W/°C	+60 to +70°C
Hold-up time	typ. 7ms	at 24Vdc input
Dimensions	32x124x102mm	WxHxD
Weight	425g / 0.94lb	

ORDER NUMBERS

DC/DC Converter CD5.241-L1 Standard unit

Accessory ZM1.WALL Wall mount bracket

ZM11.SIDE Side mount bracket



LISTED Ind. Cont. Eq. **UL 508**











Nov. 2019 / Rev. 1.3 DS-CD5.241-L1-EN

All parameters are specified at 24V, 3.8A, 24Vdc input voltage, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.



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TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS

PE and 🕀 symbol	PE is the abbreviation for P rotective E arth and has the same meaning as the symbol $\textcircled{\$}$.
Earth, Ground	This document uses the term "earth" which is the same as the U.S. term "ground".
T.b.d.	To be defined, value or description will follow later.
DC 24V	A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with

A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with

standard tolerances included.

E.g.: DC 12V describes a 12V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7V) or flat (10V)

24Vdc A figure with the unit (Vac) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional

tolerances included.



DIMENSION

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DC/DC Converter 24V, 3.8A

1. INTENDED USE

This device is designed for installation in an enclosure and is intended for the general use such as in industrial control, office, communication, and instrumentation equipment.

Do not use this DC/DC converter in equipment where malfunction may cause severe personal injury or threaten human

2. Installation Requirements

This device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel.

This device does not contain serviceable parts. The tripping of an internal fuse (if included) is caused by an internal

If damage or malfunction should occur during installation or operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to the factory for inspection.

Mount the unit on a DIN-rail so that the output terminals are located on top and input terminal on the bottom. For other mounting orientations see de-rating requirements in this document.

This device is designed for convection cooling and does not require an external fan. Do not obstruct airflow and do not cover ventilation grid (e.g. cable conduits) by more than 30%!

Keep the following installation clearances: 40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm on the left and right sides are recommended when the device is loaded permanently with more than 50% of the rated power. Increase this clearance to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source (e.g. another DC/DC converter).

WARNING Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death.

- Do not use the DC/DC converter without proper grounding (Protective Earth). Use the terminal on the input block for earth connection and not one of the screws on the housing.
- Turn power off before working on the device. Protect against inadvertent re-powering.
- Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes.
- Do not modify or repair the unit.
- Do not open the unit as high voltages may present inside.
- Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering the housing.
- Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected.
- Do not touch during power-on, and immediately after power-off. Hot surface may cause burns.

The input must be powered from a SELV source (according to IEC 60950-1), a PELV source (according to IEC 62477-1) or an Isolated Secondary Circuit (according to UL 508).

Notes for use in hazardous location areas:

The DC/DC Converter is suitable for use in Class I Division 2 Groups A, B, C, D locations and for use in Group II Category 3 (Zone 2) environments and are evaluated according to EN 60079-0 and EN 60079-7.

WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARDS!

Substitution of components may impair suitability for this environment. Do not disconnect the unit unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

A suitable enclosure must be provided for the end product which has a minimum protection of IP54 and fulfils the requirements of the EN 60079-7.



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3. INPUT VOLTAGE

Input voltage	nom.	DC 24V	
Input voltage range		14.4-32.4Vdc	full specified
	max.	36.0Vdc	absolute maximum continuous input voltage with no damage to the DC/DC converter
Allowed voltage between input and earth	max.	60Vdc or 42.2Vac	in case the output voltage is not grounded.
Allowed input ripple voltage	max.	5Vpp	47Hz-500Hz, the momentary input voltage must always be within the specified limits.
Turn-on voltage	typ.	17.5Vdc	steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
Shut-down voltage	typ.	14.0Vdc	steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
	typ.	35.0Vdc	steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
Input current	typ.	4.25A	at 24Vdc input and output 24V, 3.8A, see Fig. 3-3
Start-up delay	typ.	290ms	see Fig. 3-2
Rise time	typ.	520ms	0mF, 24V, resistive load 3.8A, see Fig. 3-2
	typ.	610ms	3.8mF, 24V, resistive load 3.8A, see Fig. 3-2
Turn-on overshoot	max.	500mV	see Fig. 3-1
Input capacitance	typ.	3 000µF	external capacitors on the input voltage bus are allowed without any limitations.

Fig. 3-1 Input voltage range

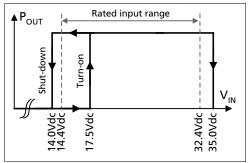


Fig. 3-2 Turn-on behavior, definitions

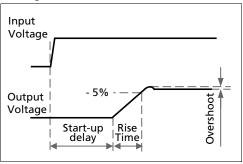
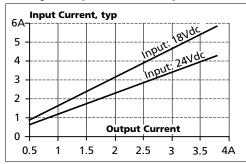


Fig. 3-3 Input current vs. output load





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4. SOFT-START AND INPUT INRUSH CURRENT SURGE

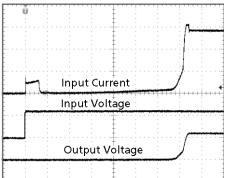
Inrush current limitation

An active inrush limitation circuit (inrush limiting resistor which is bypassed by a relay contact) limits the input inrush current after turn-on of the input voltage.

The charging current into EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded in the first microseconds after switch-on.

Inrush current	max.	1.6A _{peak}	-25°C to +70°C, input: 24Vdc	
	typ.	$1.2A_{peak}$	-25°C to +70°C, input: 24Vdc	
Inrush energy	typ.	negligible	-25°C to +70°C, input: 24Vdc	

Fig. 4-1 Input inrush current, typical behavior



Input: 24Vdc

Output: 24V, 3.8A, constant current load

Ambient: 25°C

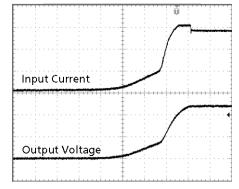
Upper curve: Input current 2A / DIV
Middle curve: Input voltage 20V / DIV
Lower curve: Output voltage 20V / DIV

Time basis: 100ms / DIV

Soft-start function:

After the DC/DC converter is turned on, the internal output current rises slowly to its nominal value. This method charges the output capacitors (internal and external capacitors) slowly and avoids high input currents during turn-on. High input currents can produce a high voltage drop on the input wiring (especially with long and thin cables) which reduces the terminal voltage on the DC/DC converter. If the terminal voltage is below the shut-down voltage, the DC/DC converter will turn-off and will make a new start-up attempt. This effect is avoided with the integrated soft-start function. Please note, that this function increases the rise time of the output voltage by a small amount.

Fig. 4-2 Soft-start behavior



Input: 24Vdc

Output: 24V, 3.8A, constant current load

Ambient: 25°C

No additional external output capacitors

Upper curve: Input current 2A / DIV Lower curve: Output voltage 10V / DIV

Time basis: 20ms / DIV



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5. OUTPUT

Output voltage	nom.	24V	
Adjustment range	min.	-	not adjustable
Factory setting		24.1V	±0.2%, at full load, cold unit
Line regulation	max.	25mV	Input voltage variations between 18 to 32.4Vdc
Load regulation	max.	100mV	static value, 0A → 3.8A
Ripple and noise voltage	max.	50mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm
Output current	nom.	3.8A	see Fig. 5-1
Output power	nom.	92W	
Short-circuit current	min.	3A	continuous current, short circuit impedance 200mOhm
	max.	6A	continuous current, short circuit impedance 200mOhm
Output capacitance	typ.	2 200µF	

Fig. 5-1 Output voltage vs. output current,

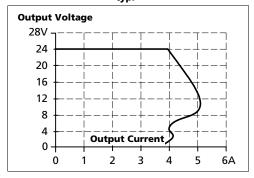
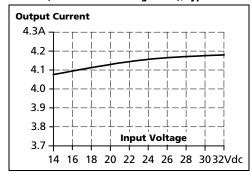


Fig. 5-2 Current limitation vs. input voltage, (23V constant voltage load), typ.



Peak current capability (up to several milliseconds)

The DC/DC converter can deliver a peak current, which is higher than the specified short term current. This helps to start current demanding loads or to safely operate subsequent circuit breakers.

The extra current is supplied by the output capacitors inside the DC/DC converter. During this event, the capacitors will be discharged and causes a voltage dip on the output. Detailed curves can be found in chapter 21.1.

Peak current voltage dips	typ.	from 24V to 16V	at 7.6A for 50ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 24V to 12.5V	at 15.2A for 2ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 24V to 8.5V	at 15.2A for 5ms, resistive load



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6. HOLD-UP TIME

The input side of the DC/DC converter is equipped with a bulk capacitor which keeps the output voltage alive for a certain period of time when the input voltage dips or is removed. The bulk capacitor can be discharged by loading the DC/DC converter on the output side or through a load which is parallel to the input. There is no protection in the DC/DC converter which prevents current from flowing back to the input terminals. If prevention is needed, an external diode should be used.

Hold-up Time	typ.	13.8ms	input 24Vdc, output: 24Vdc, 1.9A, see Fig. 6-1
	typ.	7ms	input 24Vdc, output: 24Vdc, 3.8A, see Fig. 6-1

Fig. 6-1 Hold-up time vs. input voltage

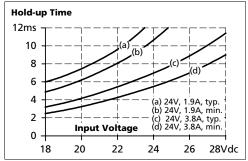


Fig. 6-2 Shut-down test setup

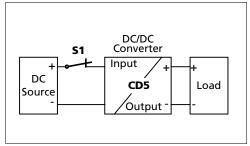
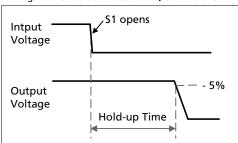


Fig. 6-3 Shut-down behavior, definitions



Note: At no load, the hold-up time can be up to several seconds. The green DC-ok lamp is also on during this time.



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7. EFFICIENCY AND POWER LOSSES

Input	24Vdc

		input 24vac		
Efficiency	typ.	90.5%	at 24V, 3.8A	
Power losses	typ.	0.7W	at no output load	
	typ.	5.5W	at 24V, 1.9A	
	typ.	9.7W	at 24V, 3.8A	

Fig. 7-1 Efficiency vs. output current at 24V, typ.

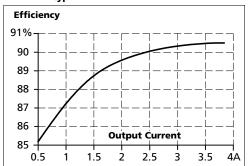


Fig. 7-3 Efficiency vs. input voltage at 24V, 3.8A, typ.

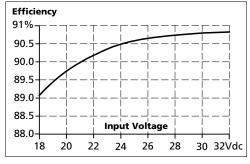


Fig. 7-2 Losses vs. output current at 24V, typ.

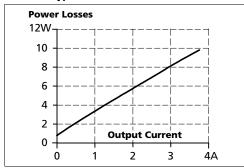
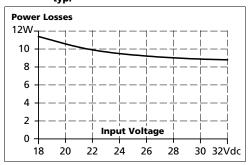


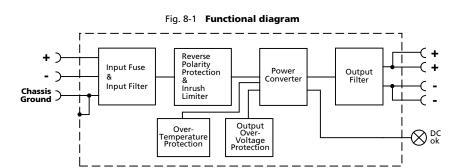
Fig. 7-4 Losses vs. input voltage at 24V, 3.8A,





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8. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



9. FRONT SIDE AND USER ELEMENTS

Fig. 9-1 Front side



- **A** Input terminals Screw terminals
 - + Positive input
 - Negative (return) input

Chassis ground: can be used to bond the housing to PE Ground this terminal to minimize high-frequency emissions.

B Output terminals

Screw terminals, dual terminals per pole, both pins are equal

- + Positive output
- Negative (return) output Screw terminals
- **C** DC-OK LED (green)

On when the voltage on the output terminals is > 21V

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10. TERMINALS AND WIRING

	Input	Output	
Туре	spring-clamp terminals	spring-clamp terminals	
Solid wire	max. 6mm²	max. 6mm²	
Stranded wire	max. 4mm²	max. 4mm²	
American Wire Gauge	20-10 AWG	20-10 AWG	
Wire stripping length	10mm / 0.4inch	10mm / 0.4inch	

Instructions:

- a) The external circuitry of all terminals must meet the safety requirements stipulated by IEC/EN/UL 60950-1: SELV.
- b) Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for an operating temperature of:

60°C for ambient up to 45°C and

75°C for ambient up to 60°C minimum

90°C for ambient up to 70°C minimum.

- c) Follow national installation codes and installation regulations!
- d) Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection!
- e) Screws of unused terminal compartments should be securely tightened.
- f) Screws of unused terminal compartments should be securely tightened.
- g) Ferrules are allowed.
- h) Do not connect or disconnect the wires from the terminals below -25°C (-13°F).

11. RELIABILITY

28 000h at 2	24V, 1.9A and 40°C
34 000h at 2	24V, 3.8A and 40°C
78 000h at 2	24V, 3.8A and 25°C
487 000h at 2	24V, 3.8A and 40°C
534 000h at 2	24V, 3.8A and 25°C
65 000h at 2	24V, 3.8A and 40°C; Ground Benign GB40
37 000h at 2	24V, 3.8A and 25°C; Ground Benign GB25
	534 000h at 2 65 000h at 2

^{*)} The **Lifetime expectancy** shown in the table indicates the minimum operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors. Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours and is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification. The prediction model allows only a calculation of up to 15 years from date of shipment.

^{**)} MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product. The MTBF figure is a statistical representation of the likelihood of a device to fail. A MTBF figure of e.g. 1 000 000h means that statistically one unit will fail every 100 hours if 10 000 units are installed in the field. However, it can not be determined if the failed unit has been running for 50 000h or only for 100h.



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12. EMC

The DC/DC converter is suitable for applications in industrial environment as well as in residential, commercial and light industry environment without any restrictions.

EMC Immunity	Generic standards: EN 61000-6-1 and EN 61000-6-2			
Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	Contact discharge	8kV	Criterion A
-		Air discharge	15kV	Criterion A
Electromagnetic RF field	EN 61000-4-3	80MHz-2.7GHz	10V/m	Criterion A
Fast transients (Burst)	EN 61000-4-4	Input lines	4kV	Criterion A
		Output lines	2kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on input	EN 61000-4-5	+ → -	1kV	Criterion A
		+/- → chassis ground	2kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on output	EN 61000-4-5	+ → -	500V	Criterion A
		+ / - → chassis ground	1kV	Criterion A
Conducted disturbance	EN 61000-4-6	0.15-80MHz	10V	Criterion A

Criterions:

C: Temporary loss of function is possible. DC/DC converter may shut-down and restarts by itself. No damage or hazards for the DC/DC converter will occur.

EMC Emission	Generic standards: EN 61000-6-3 and EN 61000-6-4	
Conducted emission on input	IEC/CISPR 16-1-2, IEC/CISPR 16-2-1	Limits for DC power ports acc. EN 61000-6-3 fulfilled
Radiated emission	EN 55011, EN 55022	Class B

This device complies with FCC Part 15 rules.

Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Switching frequency

Variable between 90kHz and 135kHz depending on load and input voltage (output current > 0.5A)

A: DC/DC converter shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.



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13. ENVIRONMENT

Operational temperature *)	-25°C to +70°C (-13°F to 158°F)	see Fig. 13-1
Storage temperature	-40 to +85°C (-40°F to 185°F)	for storage and transportation
Humidity **)	5 to 95% r.H.	IEC 60068-2-30
Vibration sinusoidal ***)	2-17.8Hz: ±1.6mm; 17.8-500Hz: 2g 2 hours / axis	IEC 60068-2-6
Shock ***)	30g 6ms, 20g 11ms 3 bumps / direction, 18 bumps in total	IEC 60068-2-27
Altitude	0 to 6000m (0 to 20 000ft)	Reduce output power or ambient temperature above 2000m sea level.
Altitude de-rating	5.8W/1000m or 5°C/1000m	above 2000m (6500ft), see Fig. 13-2
Over-voltage category	III	IEC 62477-1, EN 50178, altitudes up to 2000m
	II	Altitudes from 2000m to 6000m
Degree of pollution	2	IEC 62477-1, EN 50178, not conductive
LABS compatibility	The unit does not release any silicone o use in paint shops.	r other LABS-critical substances and is suitable for

^{*)} Operational temperature is the same as the ambient temperature and is defined as the air temperature 2cm below the unit.

Fig. 13-1 Output current vs. ambient temp.

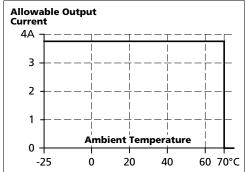
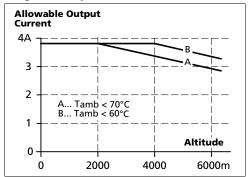


Fig. 13-2 Output current vs. altitude at 24V



^{**)} Do not energize while condensation is present

^{***)} Tested in combination with DIN-Rails according to EN 60715 with a height of 15mm and a thickness of 1.3mm and standard mounting orientation.



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14. PROTECTION FEATURES

Output protection	Electronically protected against overload, no-load and short-circuits *)		
Output over-voltage protection	typ. 31Vdc max. 32Vdc	in case of an internal power supply defect, a redundant circuit limits the maximum output voltage. The output shuts down and automatically attempts to restart.	
Reverse input polarity protection	Included	unit does not start when input voltage is reversed	
Output over-current protection	electronically limited *)	see Fig. 5-1	
Degree of protection	IP 20	EN/IEC 60529	
Penetration protection	> 3.5mm	e.g. screws, small parts	
Over-temperature protection	yes	output shut-down with automatic restart	
Input transient protection	MOV	Metal Oxide Varistor	
Internal input fuse	included	not user replaceable	

^{*)} In case of a protection event, audible noise may occur.

15. SAFETY FEATURES

Classification of output voltage	SELV	IEC/EN 60950-1
	PELV	IEC/EN 60204-1, EN 50178, IEC 62477-1, IEC 60364-4-41
Class of protection	III	PE (Protective Earth) connection not required. A connection of the "Chassis Ground" pin to earth is recommended for best EMI performance
Isolation resistance	> 5MOhm	input to output, 500Vdc
PE resistance	< 0.10hm	between housing and Chassis Ground terminal
Touch current (leakage current)	The leakage current which is produced by the DC/DC converter itself depends on the input voltage ripple and need to be investigated in the final application. For a smooth DC input voltage, the produced leakage current is less than 100µA.	

^{*)} provided, that the input voltage meets the requirements of chapter 2.



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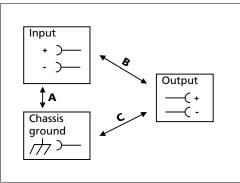
DC/DC Converter 24V, 3.8A

16. DIELECTRIC STRENGTH

The output voltage is floating and has no ohmic connection to the ground.

Type and factory tests are conducted by the manufacturer. Field tests may be conducted in the field using the appropriate test equipment which applies the voltage with a slow ramp (2s up and 2s down). Connect all input terminals together as well as all output poles before conducting the test. When testing, set the cut-off current settings to the value in the table below.

Fig. 16-1 **Dielectric strength**



		Α	В	C
Type test	60s	1500Vac	1500Vac	500Vac
Factory test	5s	1500Vac	1500Vac	500Vac
Field test	5s	1000Vac	1000Vac	500Vac
Cut-off current setting		> 30mA	> 30mA	> 12mA

To fulfill the PELV requirements according to EN60204-1 § 6.4.1, we recommend that either the + pole, the – pole or any other part of the output circuit shall be connected to the protective earth system. This helps to avoid situations in which a load starts unexpectedly or can not be switched off when unnoticed earth faults occur.



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17. APPROVALS

EC Declaration of Conformity	< €	The CE mark indicates conformance with the - EMC directive and the - ATEX directive.
IEC 60950-1 2 nd Edition	IECEE CB SCHEME	CB Scheme, Information Technology Equipment
IEC 61010-1	IECEE CB SCHEME	CB Scheme, Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use
UL 508	C UL US LISTED IND. CONT. EQ.	LISTED for use as Industrial Control Equipment; U.S.A. (UL 508) and Canada (C22.2 No. 107-1-01); E-File: E198865
UL 60950-1	c FU ®us	RECOGNIZED for the use as Information Technology Equipment, Level 3; U.S.A. (UL 60950-1) and Canada (C22.2 No. 60950-1); E-File: E137006
NEC Class 2	NEC CLASS 2	According to NEC (National Electrical Code) Article 725-41 (4). Listed as Limited Power Source (LPS) in the UL 60950-1 UL report.
UL 61010-1	c FU ®us	RECOGNIZED for use in Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use; E-File: E326782
EN 60079-0, EN 60079-7 ATEX	II 3G Ex ec nC II T4 Gc	Approval for use in hazardous locations Zone 2 Category 3G. Number of ATEX certificate: EPS 08 ATEX 1 142 X The device must be built-in in an IP54 enclosure.
IEC 60079-0, IEC 60079-7	IECEx	Suitable for use in Class 1 Zone 2 Groups IIa, IIb and IIc locations. Number of IECEx certificate: IECEx EPS 14.0001X
ANSI / ISA 12.12.01-2007 Class I Div 2	c∰® ∪S	Recognized for use in Hazardous Location Class I Div 2 T4 Groups A,B,C,D systems; U.S.A. (ANSI / ISA 12.12.01) and Canada (C22.2 No. 213-M1987)
Marine	DNV·GL dnvgl.com/af ABS	GL (Germanischer Lloyd) classified and ABS (American Bureau for Shipping) PDA Environmental category: C, EMC2 Marine and offshore applications
EAC TR Registration	EAC	Registration for the Eurasian Customs Union market (Russia, Kazakhstan, Belarus)

18. Rohs, Reach and Other Fulfilled Standards

RoHS Directive

Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of June 8th, 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

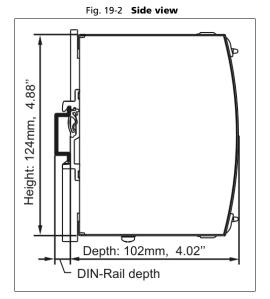
REACH Directive

REACH ✓

Directive 1907/2006/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of June 1st, 2007 regarding the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

19. Physical Dimensions and Weight

Weight	425g / 0.94lb
DIN-Rail	Use 35mm DIN-rails according to EN 60715 or EN 50022 with a height of 7.5 or 15mm. The DIN-rail height must be added to the unit depth (102mm) to calculate the total required installation depth.
Installation Clearances	See chapter 2





DIMENSION

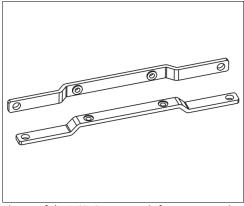
CD-Series

20. Accessories

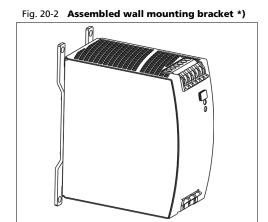
ZM1.WALL Wall mounting bracket

This bracket is used to mount specific Dimension units onto a flat surface without utilizing a DIN-Rail. The two aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider of the unit have to be removed, so that the two steel brackets can be

Fig. 20-1 ZM1.WALL Wall mounting bracket



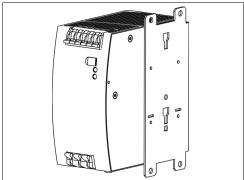




ZM11.SIDE Side mounting bracket

This bracket is used to mount Dimension units sideways with or without utilizing a DIN-Rail. The two aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider of the unit have to be detached, so that the steel brackets can be mounted. For sideway DIN-rail mounting, the removed aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider need to be mounted on the steel bracket.

Fig. 20-3 ZM11.SIDE Side mounting bracket *)



Picture of the DC/DC converter is for representation only

Fig. 20-4 Side mounting with DIN-rail brackets *)



CD-Series

21. Application Notes

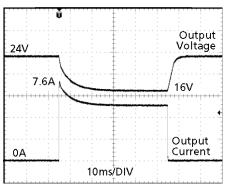
21.1. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

Solenoids, contactors and pneumatic modules often have a steady state coil and a pick-up coil. The inrush current demand of the pick-up coil is several times higher than the steady-state current and usually exceeds the nominal output current (including the PowerBoost). The same situation applies, when starting a capacitive load.

Branch circuits are often protected with circuit breakers or fuses. In case of a short or an overload in the branch circuit, the fuse needs a certain amount of over-current to trip or to blow. The peak current capability ensures the safe operation of subsequent circuit breakers.

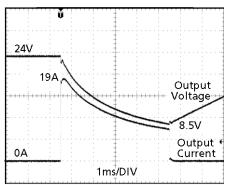
Assuming the input voltage is turned on before such an event, the built-in large sized output capacitors inside the DC/DC converter can deliver extra current. Discharging this capacitor causes a voltage dip on the output. The following two examples show typical voltage dips:

Fig. 21-1 Peak loading with 2x the nominal current for 50ms, typ.



Peak load 7.6A (resistive load) for 50ms Output voltage dips from 24V to 16V.

Fig. 21-2 Peak loading with 5x the nominal current for 5ms, typ.



Peak load 19A (resistive load) for 5ms Output voltage dips from 24V to 8.5V.

21.2. BACK-FEEDING LOADS

Loads such as decelerating motors and inductors can feed voltage back to the DC/DC converter. This feature is also called return voltage immunity or resistance against Back- E.M.F. (Electro Magnetic Force).

This DC/DC converter is resistant and does not show malfunctioning when a load feeds back voltage to the DC/DC converter. It does not matter, whether the DC/DC converter is on or off.

The maximum allowed feed-back-voltage is 30Vdc. The absorbing energy can be calculated according to the built-in large sized output capacitance which is specified in chapter 5.

21.3. INDUCTIVE AND CAPACITIVE LOADS

The unit is designed to supply any kind of loads, including unlimited capacitive and inductive loads.



CD-Series

DC/DC Converter 24V, 3.8A

21.4. EXTERNAL INPUT PROTECTION

The unit is tested and approved for branch circuits up to 50A. An external protection is only required, if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than this. Check also local codes and local requirements. In some countries local regulations might apply.

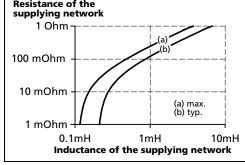
If an external fuse is necessary or utilized, minimum requirements need to be considered to avoid nuisance tripping of the circuit breaker. A minimum value of 10A B- or 8A C-Characteristic breaker should be used.

21.5. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SUPPLYING SOURCE

In certain circumstances, the input filter of the DC/DC converter can show a resonant effect which is caused by the supplying network. Especially when additional external input filters are utilized, a superimposed AC voltage can be generated on the input terminals of the DC/DC converter which might cause a malfunction of the unit. Therefore, additional input filters are not recommended. To avoid the resonant effects, the minimal resistance of the supplying network which depends on the inductance of the input network, shall be above the boundary curve in Fig. 21-3.

Fig. 21-3 External input filter requirements to avoid filter instabilities

Resistance of the supplying network



21.6. Parallel Use to Increase Output Power

This DC/DC-converter is designed to meet the NEC Class 2 requirements. Do not use in parallel to increase the output current. This would increase the output current and violates the NEC Class 2 limitations. Use CD5.241 or CD5.241-S1.

21.7. Parallel Use for Redundancy

This DC/DC-converter is designed to meet the NEC Class 2 requirements. Do not use in parallel for redundancy. This would increase the output current and violates the NEC Class 2 limitations. Use CD5.241 or CD5.241-S1.



DIMENSION CD-Series

DC/DC Converter 24V, 3.8A

21.8. SERIES OPERATION

This DC/DC-converter is designed to meet the NEC Class 2 requirements. Do not use in series to increase the output voltage. This would increase the output power for the NEC Class 2 circuit and violates the NEC Class 2 limitations. Use CD5.241 or CD5.241-S1.

21.9. CHARGING OF BATTERIES

This DC/DC converter can not be used to charge batteries. The output voltage is not adjustable.

21.10. Use in a Tightly Sealed Enclosure

When the DC/DC converter is installed in a tightly sealed enclosure, the temperature inside the enclosure will be higher than outside. In such situations, the inside temperature defines the ambient temperature for the DC/DC converter.

The following measurement results can be used as a reference to estimate the temperature rise inside the enclosure.

The DC/DC converter is placed in the middle of the box, no other heat producing items are inside the box

Enclosure: Rittal Typ IP66 Box PK 9516 100, plastic, 110x180x165mm

Load: 24V, 3A; (=80%) load is placed outside the box

Input: 24Vdc

Temperature inside enclosure: 37.7°C (in the middle of the right side of the DC/DC converter with a distance of 2cm)

Temperature outside enclosure: 22.2°C Temperature rise: 15.5K



CD-Series

21.11. MOUNTING ORIENTATIONS

Mounting orientations other than input terminals on the bottom and output on the top require a reduction in continuous output power or a limitation in the max. allowed ambient temperature. The amount of reduction influences the lifetime expectancy of the DC/DC converter. Therefore, two different derating curves for continuous operation can be found below:

Curve A1 Recommended output current.

Curve A2 Max allowed output current (results in approximately half the lifetime expectancy of A1).

Fig. 21-4
Mounting
Orientation A
(Standard
orientation)

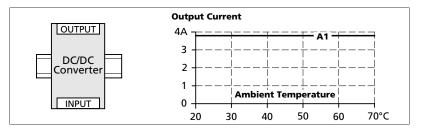


Fig. 21-5

Mounting

Orientation B

(Upside down)

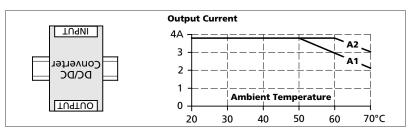


Fig. 21-6
Mounting
Orientation C
(Table-top
mounting)

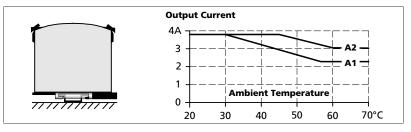


Fig. 21-7

Mounting

Orientation D

(Horizontal cw)

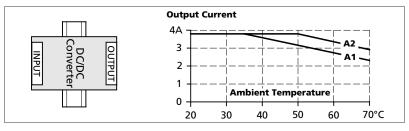
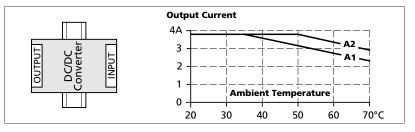


Fig. 21-8

Mounting
Orientation E
(Horizontal ccw)



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All parameters are specified at 24V, 3.8A, 24Vdc input voltage, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.